

The Decatur Daily Republican.

NO. 64

VOL. XVI.

J. R. RACE & Co.



Have just received an Elegant Stock of

Spring and Summer CLOTHING

FOR

MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN,

Embracing all the Leading Styles at the Lowest Prices.

We present a Magnificent Assortment of

LINEN COATS & VESTS,

In Indian Black Alpine Fancy Mohair, Pongee, Drad
etc. Seersucker and Fancy Flannel

In Our Furnishing Goods Department

We show you an elegant line of Plain and Fancy Undershirts in Lisle Thread and Balbriggan—Hosiery in endless variety and all the novelties in Neckwear.

SUMMER HATS.

Look Unparalleled. Prices the Lowest, Styles the Latest, such as Dunlap, Knox, Youman shape in Black, Pearl and Newton Staff Hats—Men's, Boys' and Children's Straw Hat in Mantua, Mackinaw and Canton Braid, at the Lowest Prices.

Being the Leading First-class Merchant Tailors, we can fit you up in the Best Style.

GIVE US A CALL.

129 and 135 North Water Street.

W. M. YOUNG.

Carl Young.

YOUNG + BROS.

HAVE OPENED THEIR

NEW MEAT MARKET,

NORTH SIDE OF PARK,

At long prepared to furnish the very best.

FRESH AND CURED MEATS,

SAUSAGE, LARD, ETC.

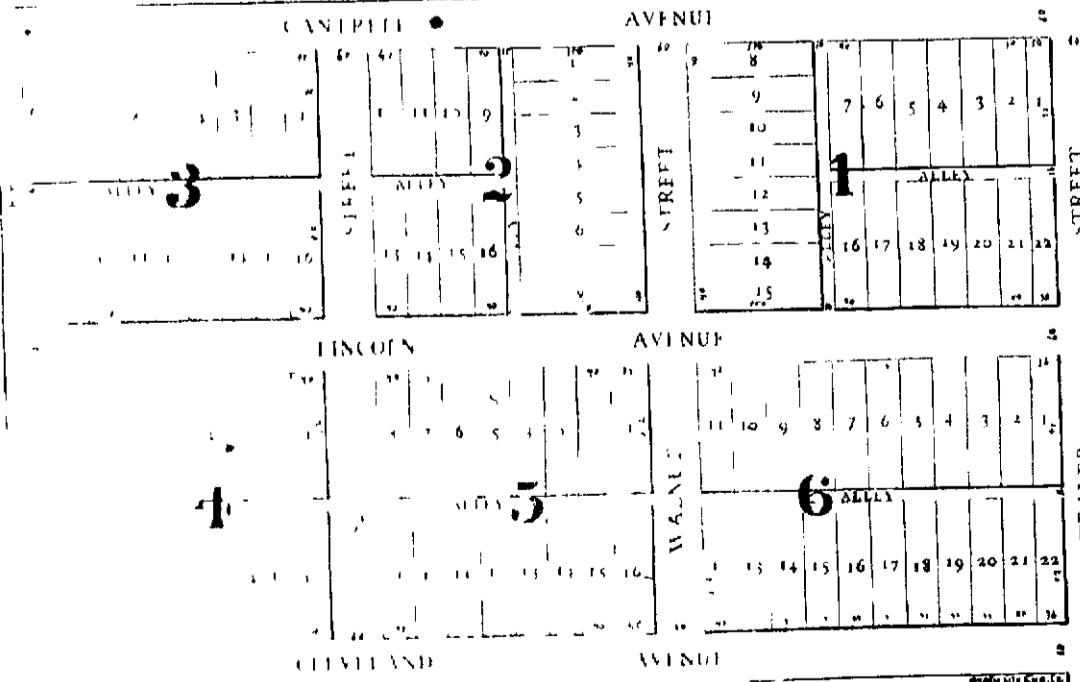
DR. A. S. WALTERS,
DENTIST.

Office over Barber & Baker's shoe store, 101 East Main Street, Decatur, Ill.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY

For securing a beautiful site for a home or making a PROFITABLE INVESTMENT,

STARR & MILLS'
FIRST ADDITION TO CITY OF DECATUR.



If you want a profitable, safe and sure investment, one which will yield a large profit in a short time, there is nothing better around Decatur.

If you wish to establish a home, you will here find all the essentials and derive the benefit and profit of a rapid advance in value.

THESE ARE THE MOST BEAUTIFUL LOTS AROUND THE CITY,

Ground High, Excellent Drainage, Only Eight Blks from Business Centre, and Streets all nicely Graded.

PRICE—From \$5.00 to \$8.00 per front foot.

TERMS—One-Third to One-Half Cash, balance on time to suit at 6 per cent per annum.

These lots are 150 and 152 feet deep, with an alley in the rear of each lot, as shown by above Plat.

There will be a great boom in this section soon.

ADDRESS,

STARR & MILLS.

AYER'S Sugar-Coated Cathartic PILLS.
If the Liver becomes torpid, if the bowels are constipated, or if the stomach fails to perform its functions properly, use Ayer's Pills. They are invaluable.

For some years I was a victim to Liver Complaint, in consequence of which I was frequently ill. Decatur, my indigestion. A few boxes of Ayer's Pills restored me to perfect health.—W. T. Brightley, Henderson, W. Va.

For years I have relied more upon Ayer's Pills than anything else, to

Regulate

my bowels. These Pills are well in action, and do their work thoroughly. I have used them with good effect, in cases of Rheumatism, Rheumatism, Troubles, and Hyperthyroidism, etc.

Ayer's Pill cured me of Stomach and Liver Troubles, from which I had suffered for years. I consider them the best pills made, and would not be without them.—Morris Gates, Downsville, N. Y.

I was attacked with Bilious Fever, which was followed by a number of violent attacks, from which I had suffered so dangerously. In this my friends despaired of my recovery. I commenced taking Ayer's Pills, and soon regained my customary strength and vigor.—John C. Johnson, Brown, N. Y.

For some time I suffered greatly from a terrible pain in my side. In spite of every effort to cure this affliction, I increased until the flesh became entirely raw. I was troubled at the same time, with Indigestion, and distressing pains in

The Bowels.

By the advice of a friend I began taking Ayer's Pills. These Pills were well in action, and did their work properly, the skin and flesh soon became healthy again, and in less than a month, I was cured.—Samuel D. White, Atlanta, Ga.

I have long used Ayer's Pills, in my family, and believe them to be the best pills made.—S. C. Daudin, Decatur, Miss.

My wife and little girl were taken with Dysentery a few days ago, and were given Ayer's Pills, thinking I could call a doctor if the disease became any worse. In short time the bloody discharges stopped, all pain went away, and her health was restored.—The Doctor, Belling, Richmond, Va.

Ayer's Pills,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., French Mass.

Bold by all Dealers in Medicine

QUEBEC.
Some of the Beautiful Things to be Seen There

We are permitted to publish the following interesting letter from Mrs. A. B. Cherner, to her father, J. H. Lewis, of this city

QUEBEC, June 20, 1887.

I had intended to write you yesterday, but I was too far away. You know Quebec is surrounded by beautiful and historical spots, and for a few days taking a little trip to some of them. The scenery is very wild and mountainous, and sometimes the road is almost impassable. Yesterday morning we arose at 5 o'clock and took a little steamer down the river to La Bonne St. Anne. We sailed out into the harbor, and on past Montmorency Falls to the parish of St. Anne, about one mile from here. On one side of the channel lay the Beauport, a low piece of ground with the mountains holding their purple crests many hundreds, yes thousands, of feet above them at the back. On the other side lay the little island, Orford, looking from the mountain like an immense green turtle, sprawling in the blue bosom of the St. Lawrence. The ride is about two hours long and soon after 5 o'clock we came in sight of St. Anne. St. Anne was the grandchild of the mother of Mary, the mother of Jesus, as they call her, and St. Anne is the patron saint of this parish. There is a pretentious little church all in green and blue, like red, and red, and any amount of gilt. This church is only built ten or twelve years, and the frescoes have only been finished recently, the cost being about \$60,000. The origin of church of St. Anne was built in 1660, and was replaced in 1787. It is the oldest church and still stands, so say many old people. It is built in stone, and sits in this quiet spot, surrounded by trees, and with a few houses near by. It is a pretentious little church, all in green and blue, like red, and red, and any amount of gilt. This church is only built ten or twelve years, and the frescoes have only been finished recently, the cost being about \$60,000. The origin of church of St. Anne was built in 1660, and was replaced in 1787. It is the oldest church and still stands, so say many old people. 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DAILY REPUBLICAN.

B. K. HAMSHER, J. R. MORRIS
HAMSHER & MORRIS, Prop'trs.
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Entered at the Post Office at Decatur, Illinois,
as second-class mail matter.

TUESDAY EVE, JUNE 28, 1887

The only saloon in St. Louis that resisted the execution of the Sedition law was one carried on by an anarchist and patronized by that class. Characteristic, very.

Six judges and clerks of election in Baltimore were yesterday sentenced to jail for two years each, upon conviction for fraud at the last municipal election. The crooks are having a hard time of it all around.

The Chicago Legal News asserts that "twenty years' adjudication of the courts will be required to settle the law in this state, and to place it in as good condition as it was when the late legislature met." Which is rough on the legislature.

JAMES O. BOYD JR., is operating on Wall street. If any panic should occur in that financial center there are scores of patriotic and statesmen who will be up to the task to what they call "blame," which is the great bugbear of their lives.

There was a remarkable scarcity of money on call at the New York Stock Exchange yesterday. The rate at one time reached 1½ per cent a day and matured equal to about 50 per cent per annum. The general tendency of stocks was downward and there was a very weak market all around.

Long Governor has permitted a plebeian pension bill to become a law without his signature. The Chicago Journal demands that the Governor's cowardice and snobbery ought to have vetoed the bill which it views as "a direct blow at the little industry of Illinois, especially of Chicago."

Mr. McGlynn says that the anti-poor people do not want the hindrance West which requires us to make it valuable but in the big cities where it is valuable now. They evidently belong to the same class as old acetate they want property without working for it.

JAMES SWEENEY yesterday overruled the motion to adjourn the connected body to bad pending the disposition of the motion for a new trial and McChangie and Mr. Donald will therefore have to remain in jail until the court rules upon the motion. The next hurdle case to be tried is what is called the minnow case in which there are fifteen defendants and Judge Johnson will begin the hearing today.

A dozen men have found out to their sorrow that there are safer places than banks in which to keep money. Some weeks ago a certain gentleman in Cincinnati was invited to look into some real estate transactions in Decatur, with a view of investing. He was afraid of Western property and preferred to let the bank have his money at a low rate of interest. His bank happened to be one that has attracted considerable attention of late. The fidelity and how he savings the sum of \$10,000 which would have been safe if invested in Decatur property.

An exchange gives the following estimate of what Henry George's theories would cost were an attempt made to carry them into effect. In the earlier days of his theory Henry George was willing to admit that nationalization meant confiscation and that it would lead to bloodshed and war. And so it would. The millions of owners of American lands would not yield up their possessions to the proletarian foreigners and native branks of the cities without deluging the land in blood. It would cost many more lives than was lost in putting down the slaveholders' rebellion. How many of George and Mr. McGlynn's followers have thought what it would cost to reduce the millions of freehold American farmers to peonage, as proposed by George and McPherson or what bloody work there would be in compelling the millions of urban freeholders of the country to pay rent to the foreign proletarian of the cities. If the "nationalizers" were successful the world would again be reduced to chaos.

Commander in Chief Fairchild at New York, N. Y.

NASHUA, N. H.—S. S. Governor Fairchild, commander in chief of the U. S. A. was sent to the city of Nashua yesterday by a government express. A large crowd gathered to see him off at the station. The public buildings are decorated with flags and bunting. A noble reception was tendered to General Fairchild at the station. The General, however, took the railroad passenger train to his hotel. In the evening the General was given audience by the local government authorities. May 1st is to be a grand day after the 4th of July. An additional half hour was given them at the City Hall and the General and staff returned to New York at the end of the evening.

On the Campus.

New Haven, Conn.—After the presentation exercises at Yale yesterday, the students marched to the camp and indulged in the intercollegiate mock orations, class histories, planting of trees, singing, etc. Afterward they had a farewell visit with the college instructors. The promenade of the seniors last night was witnessed by a distinguished company, including Chief Justice Waite, Senator Sherman and Senator Pratt. Mr. Pratt will preside to lay a meeting of the class.

Will and Securities Missing.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 28.—The bonds, stocks, insurance policies and other effects of Judge John C. Cobb, who died yesterday morning, were taken by ballot and the men voted to resume work at the old wages thirty four voting to remain there. There are over one hundred and fifty ovens at these works, and the break is considered an important one.

Voted to Resume Work.

UPTON, Pa., June 28.—A meeting of the members of the local Chamber of Commerce, held yesterday morning, a vote was taken by ballot and the men voted to resume work at the old wages thirty four voting to remain there. There are over one hundred and fifty ovens at these works, and the break is considered an important one.

A Million-Dollar Conflagration.

CARLUCCIO, Miss., June 27.—A large fire is raging at Marshfield, on the Wisconsin Central road. An engine has been sent from Milwaukee, a locomotive and a hundred and fifty men, to help put out the flames. The fire is spreading rapidly, destroying the entire plant of Upman, consisting of extensive lumber piles, saw mill, several warehouses and smaller buildings. All attempts to make

BY TELEGRAPH.

WAGE WORKERS.

A Crisis Approaching in the Affairs of the Amalgamated Association.

The Fires in the Window Glass Factories to be Extinguished After a Successful Season.

NATIONAL TRADE GAMES.

PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh, Pa.—NATIONALS, 4 Indianapolis—Philadelphia, 12; Indianapolis, 12; Detroit, 11; Denver, 4; Chicago, 17; Boston, 17; Cleveland, 11.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

NEW YORK—Baltimore 6; Metropolis, 3; Cincinnati—Louisville, 12; Clinton, 11.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

Kansas City—Kansas City, 10; Leavenworth, 4.

TOPPS—Topeka, 18; St. Joseph, 9.

DETROIT—TO DAY.

Louisville at St. Louis—Cincinnati at Cleveland, Baltimore at St. Louis Island, Athletics at Brooklyn.

Washington at Pittsburgh.

NUREMBERG.

DETROIT, June 28.—Yesterday morning's game between Detroit and New York was forfeited to the former club.

The Detroit club probably dropped out of the league. It looked as if we were winning, and the crowd howled and yelled when the New Yorks went to put in a new man. It appeared to be an attempt to get "Smiling Mickey" Welch and then give Brown the benefit of his regular rating.

It is not known whether the players will make themselves felt in this way. Home's sweltering day when life without wood would indeed be burdensome, we will, at an understanding, signal stop. We are not inclined to speak of the work with a keen notion of how important a factor in their life the poor ice men are. It is known, it will not be easy to obtain men to do our work, common labor as it is demanded to do, sweating oil, carrying ice, and getting heat beat by the companies will quickly bring us to nothing.

Some in this next week, we will put out our demands, and see if they are received. We shall make ourselves felt in this way. Home's sweltering day when life without wood would indeed be burdensome, we will, at an understanding,

signal stop. We are not inclined to speak of the work with a keen notion of how important a factor in their life the poor ice men are. It is known, it will not be easy to obtain men to do our work, common labor as it is demanded to do, sweating oil, carrying ice, and getting heat beat by the companies will quickly bring us to nothing.

Will Submit Their Ultimatum.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 28.—At yesterday's session of the conference committee of iron manufacturers and the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers it was agreed that the work men's committee would meet with the iron and steel men to discuss the question of tomorrow to-morrow morning to consider this final offer, and will make their reply at a conference in the afternoon.

Both sides expressed their determination not to give up, and both agreed to think that Wednesday's conference will settle the question whether there is to be a strike or not.

The present stalemate expires on Thursday, and an agreement should not be reached before the day the mills will be shut down on Friday, and a strike will probably have begun. It is stated that the ultimatum of the workmen will be re-enforced scales as proposed originally with some liberal concessions on the part of the iron and steel men in order to carry through the final agreement.

NOT WATER VS. STEEL.

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 28.—When the strike visited the works of McConnell & Jones and endeavored to persuade the workmen engaged there to quit, they were ordered off and failing to comply were treated with a bat of hot water from a steam engine. The iron and steel men's committee, however, had no power to-morrow morning to consider this final offer, and will make their reply at a conference in the afternoon.

Harvard expected a virtual walk-over, but found they had a hard race before them. Little was heard after the first hour, and a strike will probably have begun. It is stated that the ultimatum of the workmen will be re-enforced scales as proposed originally with some liberal concessions on the part of the iron and steel men in order to carry through the final agreement.

The Smith-Kirwan Flight.

NEW YORK, June 28.—In answer to the question as to whether the Smith-Kirwan Flight will be a success, the workmen engaged there to quit, they were ordered off and failing to comply were treated with a bat of hot water from a steam engine.

The iron and steel men's committee, however, had no power to-morrow morning to consider this final offer, and will make their reply at a conference in the afternoon.

There was a light attendance and not much interest as in previous years at the time that attended witnessed a fine

meeting.

THE THIRTY-FIFTH.

DETROIT, June 28.—At Allardice Park yesterday evening the Smith-Kirwan Flight was to have been held, but the weather was so bad that the meeting was postponed to Saturday evening.

The iron and steel men's committee, however, had no power to-morrow morning to consider this final offer, and will make their reply at a conference in the afternoon.

SCOTLAND.

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